Brief on the Montréal Urban Agglomeration Land Use and Development Plan

(Draft September 2014)

Presented to the Commission permanente sur la schema d'aménagement et de développement de Montréal

on behalf of the Green Coalition/Coalition Verte by Gareth Richardson

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Introduction

- The Green Coalition/Coaliton Verte
 - All volunteer organisation of group and individual members
 - Working for a sustainable city for 26 years
- Focus of the Brief
 - Protection and enhancement of the natural environment within the Montréal Agglomeration

Rationale for Conservation

- There are many compelling reasons for protecting and enhancing natural areas including
 - Conserve Biodiversity
 - Mitigate the impact of climate change
 - Maintain and enhance ecosystem services and preserve natural capital
 - Improve health

Protection Status

- Natural Habitat Policy
 - Introduced in 2004
 - Objective to protect 6% land area
 - Started with1,569 ha (3.1%)
 - Added 1,024 ha (2%) with 292 ha (0.6%) in process
 - Total 2,885 ha (5.75%)
 - Cost \$34,732,220
 - Additional \$14.5M required to reach target
 - Budget allocation cut to \$1M in 2014 & \$0 in 2015

Protection Status (contd)

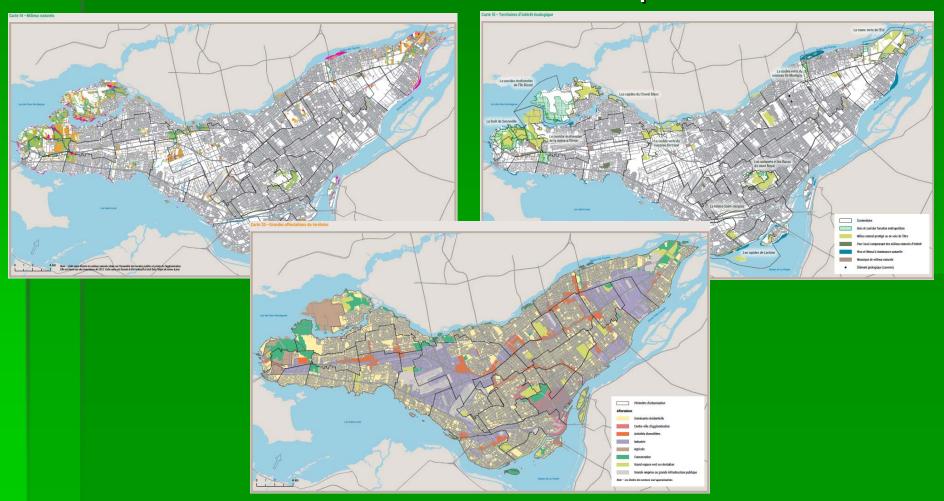
- Protection Register
 - Established 2009
 - Intended to list sites meeting UICN criteria
 - Only one entered to date
- Access to Natural Environment
 - Not evenly distributed
 - Montreal currently 1.4 ha/1000 residents
 - Toronto 3.2, Ottawa 8
 - 6% would give 1.6 ha/1000

Protection in the draft Plan

- Protection Target
 - Increase from 6% to 8% welcome
 - Falls far short of the 17% Aichi target set by PMAD
 - 8% still only 2.1 ha/1000

Protection in the draft Plan (cntd)

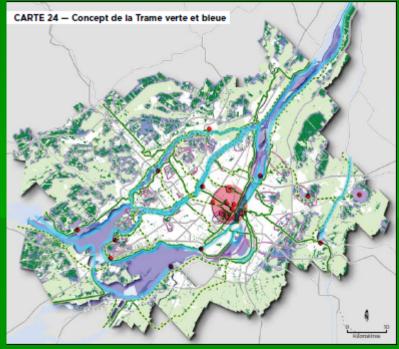
- Identification of Protected Areas
 - Plan not clear on what is to be protected



Protection in the draft Plan (cntd)

- Green and Blue Network
 - Interesting but distinct from PMAD Trame
 Verte et Bleu





Proposed Revisions

- Increased protection target with a clear implementation plan
 - 17% target as in PMAD
- Inclusion of Restoration and Renaturalisation
 - Not mentioned in the plan
 - Aichi Target 15 calls for 15%
 - 9.6% of the island is brown field
 - Golf courses have good potential

Proposed Revisions (cntd)

- Integration of Green Corridors
 - Connect larger protected areas
 - Use Hydro and Rail rights of way
 - Examples:
 - River to River in the East End
 - Meadowbrook to the St. Lawrence via Falaise St. Jacques
 - Angell Woods to Lake of Two Mountains via Rivière-à-l'Orme

Proposed Revisions (cntd)

- Improved Access to Natural Areas
 - Smaller spaces outside ecoterritories still valuable, e.g. Natural areas in Local parks, Parc Oxygène, Ruelles verte
 - Link via Urban Promenades
- Revitalised Natural Habitat Policy
 - Thorough revision with effective mechansims and budget for implementation
 - Complete ecoterritory concept plans and implement

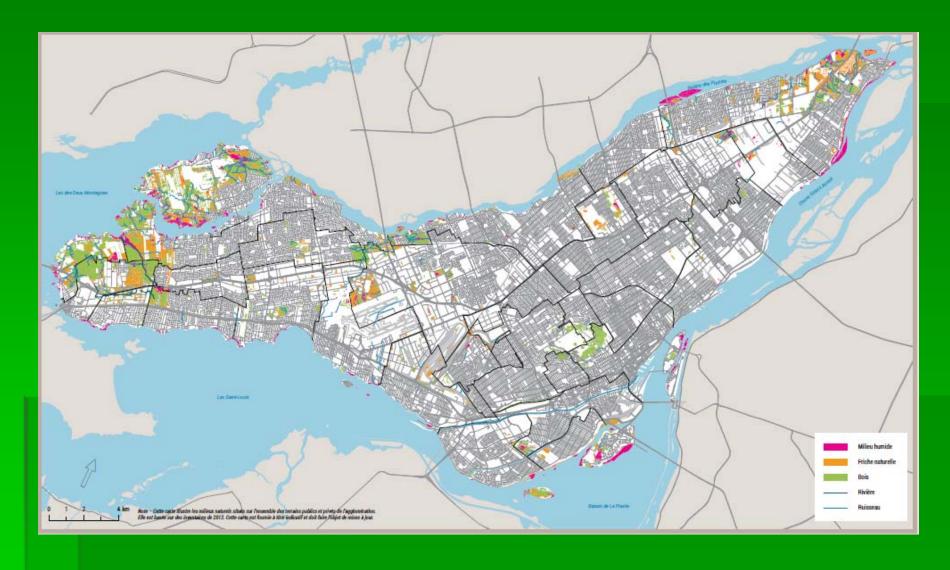
Conclusion

- Draft plan recognises the need to protect our natural heritage and is an improvement over the existing plan
- Does not go far enough in its objectives and lacks a clear indication of how they are to be achieved
- If the Agglomeration is to be a truly sustainable entity providing strong leadership to the CMM, these deficiencies need to be addressed in the final version of the plan

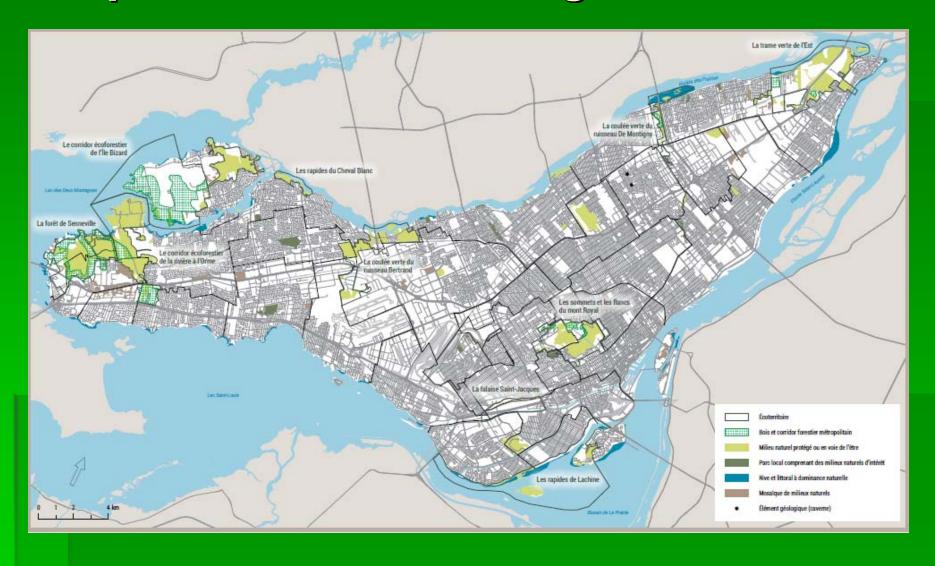
Backup Slides



Map 14 Natural Environments



Map 15 Areas of Ecological Interest



Map 20 Land Use Planning

